AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION:

Replace paragraph [0033] with the following amended paragraph:

[0033] An exceptionally important feature for the groove configuration of the cutting head 15 is that the middle groove 18B in the fourth main direction S4 only extends across a part of the support surface or head surface 17, which more generally may be expressed as that at least one groove in one of the sets of grooves 18B extends across only a part of the support surface 17. This entails that an elongate ridge 20 is formed, which is not penetrated by the middle groove 18B in the set of grooves that has the fourth main direction S4. The ridge 20 constitutes a stop in the groove 18B. An imaginary extension line of the ridge extends offset or spaced from the longitudinal central axis of the tool. The making of the elongate ridge 20, which has the maximum extension thereof in the third main direction S3, entails that the cutting head 15 may only be mounted in one way in the holder 1, which is realized by studying the groove configuration for the front surface or holder surface 3 of the holder 1. That is to say, when viewed in a direction perpendicular to the surface 17, the tips 19 and the ridge 20 of the head surface 17 extend axially to different extents than a flat part 17a of the surface 17 and thus an axially irregular profile is defined which is to be received in a corresponding axially irregular profile of the holder surface 3 defined by the grooves and the ridges alternating therewith. When the head surface 17 is being intercoupled with the holder surface, the holder surface "sees" a particular configuration (e.g., a "first" configuration) of the tips and ridges which enables the intercoupling to occur. However, if the head surface were to be rotated even slightly about the center axis of the cutter head, the intercoupling could not occur, because the respective profiles of the surfaces 3, 17 would no longer fit

into one another (e.g., the ridge 20 would no longer be aligned with the groove 7A of the holder surface). Accordingly, it can be stated that the configurations presented by the holder surface in all other angular positions thereof about the center axis of the tool are different from the first configuration, whereby there is only a single position in which the cutting head and the holder can be intercoupled. This can also be said of the holder.